



Environmental Product Declaration Type III (EPD) ITB number 609/2024







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Environmental Product Declaration Type III (EPD) ITB number 609/2024

Steel products long and forged-rolled

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Basic Information

This declaration is a Type III Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) based on the EN 15804 standard and verified according to ISO 14025 by an independent auditor.

It contains information about the environmental impact of the declared construction materials. These aspects have been verified by an independent body in accordance with ISO 14025. In principle, a comparison or evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data to be compared have been created in accordance with EN 15804 (see section 5.3 of the standard).

LCA analysis: A1 - A3, A4, C1 - C4 and D according to EN 15804 (cradle to

grave with options)

Year of EPD development: 2023

Declared service life: -

PCR: document ITB-PCR A (based on PN-EN 15804)

Declared unit: 1 tonne of product **Reason for implementation:** B2B

Representativeness: Polish products, 2022



Manufacturer

Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. is a manufacturer of rolled and forged-rolled products. The company's activities are focused on continuously ensuring the quality of the products and reducing the negative impact on the environment.



Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. is one of the oldest steelworks in Poland. Its beginnings date back to the years 1834 ÷ 1839, i.e. the period when the first production facilities were built. As one of the oldest steelworks in the Silesian voivodeship, as a result of the technological restructuring process initiated in 1996, it was transformed into a metallurgical processing plant specialising in the production of semi-finished hot-rolled and forged products such as billets for plastic processing, round bars for pipes and cylinders and square bars, angles, flat bars and head sections, forging billets, seamless rolled rings, tram and railway hoops.







Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. being a metallurgical processing plant produces products in two departments:

- Long Rolled Products Production Department
- Forged-Rolled Products Production Department

based on high-methane natural gas and electricity.

The Forged-Rolled Products Production Department is equipped with a fully automated rolling line from Thyssen Wagner. Computerisation of the production process makes it possible to obtain products with high dimensional repeatability with small machining allowances compared to traditional technologies. The rolling line is complemented by a computerised station for ultrasonic testing of rims, allowing for a significant reduction in testing time and easy analysis of results. The Rings and Hoops Department currently manufactures a wide range of railway hoops, seamless forged rings with rectangular or profiled cross-sections for the Polish market, as well as for foreign markets.

The Long Rolled Products Production Department has been continuously modernised over the years. Investments focused on the modernisation of the pusher furnace for the medium section mill and the construction of a state-of-the-art post-heating furnace for heating the COS charge. The investments also focused on the finishing process of the products, especially in the area of offering long products, which was made possible by modern straightening machines and a heat treatment furnace, an automatic line for non-destructive inspection and testing of round and square bars in the size range of 100 to 200 mm, and an automatic line for cutting and packing sections.



Description of products and application



Steel products manufactured at Huta Bankowa are used in the engineering, shipbuilding, railway and construction industries. This declaration covers two product variants: long products and forged rolled products

Long products

The main products of the hot-rolled long products department are bars and profiles, medium and especially round bars in the 90 - 250 mm range, angle sections, head sections and semi-finished products for forging and pipe works.

Diagram	Туре	Manufacturing specifications
g	Angles	acc. to PN-H-93010:1991 acc. to EN-10163-3 acc. to EN-10056-1-2 dimensions and tolerances
c e e	Bulb flats	acc. to PN-H-92147:1993 acc. to EN 10067 acc. to the regulations of the Classifying Associations
A dep	Square billets	acc. to PN-H-93020:1981 - dimensions acc. to PN-H-93021:1989 - die forging acc. to PN-H-93022:1989 - rolling and forging acc. to PN-H-93000:1984 - ordinary steel for mechanical treatment acc. to PN-H-93001:1985 - quality steel for mechanical treatment DFFWRWKHFHUWLğFDWLRQV(1VWDQG DUG





d	Round bars	acc. to PN-H-93000:1994 - bars of ordinary steel acc. to PN-H-93001:1985 - bars of quality steel acc. to the certifications EN standard
R	Square rods	acc. to PN-H-93011:1996 acc. to VdTÜV-Werkstoffblat 311-12.89 acc. to VdTÜV-Werkstoffblat 342-06.96

Forged-rolled products

The Rings and Rim Division currently manufactures a wide range of railway hoops, seamless forged rings with rectangular or profiled cross-sections for the Polish market as well as for foreign markets.

Diagram	Туре	Manufacturing specifications
4x45°	Railway wheel tyres	acc. to PN-K-91032:1991 - dimensions and profiles acc. to PN-K-91042:1993 - specifications and testing acc. to PN- H-84027-06:1984 - grades of steel acc. to UIC 810-1 - specifications and testing acc. to UIC 810-2 - tolerances of dimensions acc. to BS 5892 cz.4/1992 - manufacturing and testing acc. to GOST 398-2010 - specifications and testing acc. to DSTU 3717-98 - dimensions and profiles acc. to GOST R 52366-2005 - dimensions and profiles acc. to GOST 5000-83 - dimensions and profiles





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D 20	Tram tyres	acc. to BN-91/3554-06 acc. to UIC 810-1 ed.V
D2	Flat flanges	PN-EN 1092-1 Flanges and fittings. Round flanges for tubes, fittings, connectors with PN marking (2,5; 6; 10; 16, 25; 40; 63; 100) PN-ISO 7005-1 Steel flanges (PN 2,5;6;10; 16; 20; 25; 40; 50; 110; 150; 260) PN-87/H-74710/02 do 08 Neck flanges for welding for nominal pressure 0,63; 1; 1,6; 2,5; 4; 6,3; 10 MPa PN-87/H-74731 Fittings and pipelines. Flat flanges for welding for nominal pressure 0,25-1,6 MPa PN-88/H-74738 - Fittings and pipelines. Slack flanges with neck rings for welding for nominal pressure 0,25-10 MPa ANSI and DIN Standards
D3 - D4 -	Bulb flanges	PN-EN 1092-1 Flanges and fittings. Round flanges for tubes, fittings, connectors with PN marking (2,5; 6; 10; 16, 25; 40; 63; 100) PN-ISO 7005-1 Steel flanges (PN 2,5;6;10; 16; 20; 25; 40; 50; 110; 150; 260) PN-87/H-74710/02 do 08 Neck flanges for welding for nominal pressure 0,63; 1; 1,6; 2,5; 4; 6,3; 10 MPa PN-87/H-74731 Fittings and pipelines. Flat flanges for welding for nominal pressure 0,25-1,6 MPa PN-88/H-74738 - Fittings and pipelines. Slack flanges with neck rings for welding for nominal pressure 0,25-10 MPa ANSI and DIN Standards
	Seamless rolled rings	acc. to PN-H-94004:1984 - forgings for general purposes acc. to PN-H-94009:1992 - forgings for pressure equipment acc. to PN-H-94023:2000 - seamless rolled rings from non-alloy and alloy steels acc. to EN 10222 - (1 ÷ 2) forgings for pressure equipment acc. to EN 10250 - (1 ÷ 4) forgings for general purposes



Life cycle assessment (LCA) - general principles



Declared unit

The declared unit is the production of 1 tonne of long and forged-rolled products used in the engineering, shipbuilding, railway and construction industries.

Allocation

The allocation in this study was made in accordance with the ITB PCR A guidelines. The production and storage of the products covered in this declaration take place at the production plant of Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. at 24 Sobieskiego Street in Dąbrowa Górnicza. Input data and emissions were collected for the entire plant. All impacts from raw material extraction are allocated in module A1. Production of products is based on raw and recycled materials. Approximately 39% of recycled raw material is used in steel production. 100% of the inflows from the production lines were inventoried and allocated to the product manufacturing. Module A2 includes transport of raw materials from Polish and foreign distributors to the production plant in Dąbrowa Gónicza. Electricity, natural gas, district heat, water, fuels use, waste and emissions for the entire production process was inventoried and included in module A3.

System boundaries

The life cycle analysis of the declared products covers phases A1 - A3, A4, C1-C4+D ('cradle to grave with options') according to EN 15804 and ITB PCR A.

System limits

100% of input materials and 100% of electricity, natural gas, district heat, water, fuels consumption, waste and emissions were inventoried at the Dąbrowa Górnicza production plant. All relevant parameters from the collected production data are included in the assessment, i.e. all materials used in production and media consumption.



Modules A1 and A2 Extraction and transport of raw materials

Raw materials for production such as iron ore and recycled material are transported to the plant from Poland and other European countries (Germany, Czech Republic, Ukraine, Italy). Module A1 shows the production impact of raw materials used further in the manufacture of steel products. Data on the transport of raw materials are recorded by the plant. Means of transport include trucks and rail. For the calculation of module A2, global fuel averages were used.

Module A3 Production

The production process is illustrated in the diagram on page 12.

In the Long Products Production Department, the ingots used in the production of products are heated in a walking beam furnace. Once heated, the material undergoes plastic processing on rolling mills. The forming process transforms the heated ingots into strips with specific profiles. The rolling process is followed by band splitting with saws and a free cooling process in the cold storage. The cooled material is subjected to heat treatment after which the material acquires the required properties. The material is then subjected to the processes of straightening and quality control, if any, and then transferred to the warehouse.

In the Forged-Rolled Products Production Department, the charge material (ingots) is cold-cut into blocks and then transported to the rotary furnace where the charge is heated. The heated charge is subjected to plastic processing through axial and radial rolling until a product of the required dimensions is achieved. Once the product has cooled down, it undergoes additional heat treatment on shaft furnaces and a furnace with a two-sided moving shaft, during which tempering, normalising and annealing processes are carried out in order to achieve the required properties. The material prepared in this way is subjected to the processes of possible straightening, possible shot-blasting of the product surface and quality control, and then transferred to storage.

The process consumes electricity, high-methane natural gas and water.

Module A4 Transport

Transport to the place of installation takes place from the plant in Dąbrowa Górnicza. The finished products are transported by trucks. The average transport distance is calculated in proportion to the weight transported to each customer. The largest order receivers are located in Lithuania, Germany, Slovakia and Spain. The fuel used is diesel. The average transport distance is 940 km for long products and 958 for forged-rolled products.



Module C1 Deconstruction and demolition

The declaration covers a wide range of products for different purposes. Due to the lack of data on demolition technology, the amount of energy and fuel required for deconstruction was assumed on the basis of the literature: 0.7 kWh of electricity and 48.4 l of diesel per tonne of product.

Module C2 Transport

It is assumed that the end-of-life product will be transported by truck to the nearest steelworks (truck, diesel) within 100 km, where it will be used as scrap for the production of new steel.

Module C3 Waste treatment

It was assumed that 97% of the products would be reprocessed in the smelter at the end of operation.

Module C4 Disposal

It has been assumed that at the end of life 3% of the products will be sent to landfill.

Module D External impacts beyond system boundaries

To obtain a net post-consumer scrap score from the product system, the contribution of post-consumer scrap present in the product being assessed is subtracted from the post-consumer scrap to be recycled at the end of life. Module D shows the burdens and benefits of recycling this net residual scrap. Benefits are assessed at the point of functional equivalence, i.e. where there is a substitution of virgin raw material.

Data collection period

The input data of the declared products concern the period from January to December 2022. The life cycle assessment has been prepared for Poland as a reference area.

Data quality

The data for the LCA calculation of modules A1-A4 came from verified LCI inventory data from the plant. In accordance with Annex E of EN 15804 + A2, a data quality assessment was carried out. For technical representativeness, processes with a quality level of 'very good' represent 99% of the values for the climate change indicators. For geographical and temporal representativeness, a process evaluation level of "very good" was obtained.

Assumptions and estimates

The impacts of the representative products were aggregated using a weighted average. The results obtained for the representative products can be applied proportionally to all types of Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. products.

Calculation principles

LCA was made in accordance with PN-EN 15804+A2 standard and ITB PCR A (v1.6. 2023) document.

Databases

The data for the calculations came from Ecoinvent v. 3.6. Ecoinvent v. 3.8 and from databases available in Bionova OneClickLCA



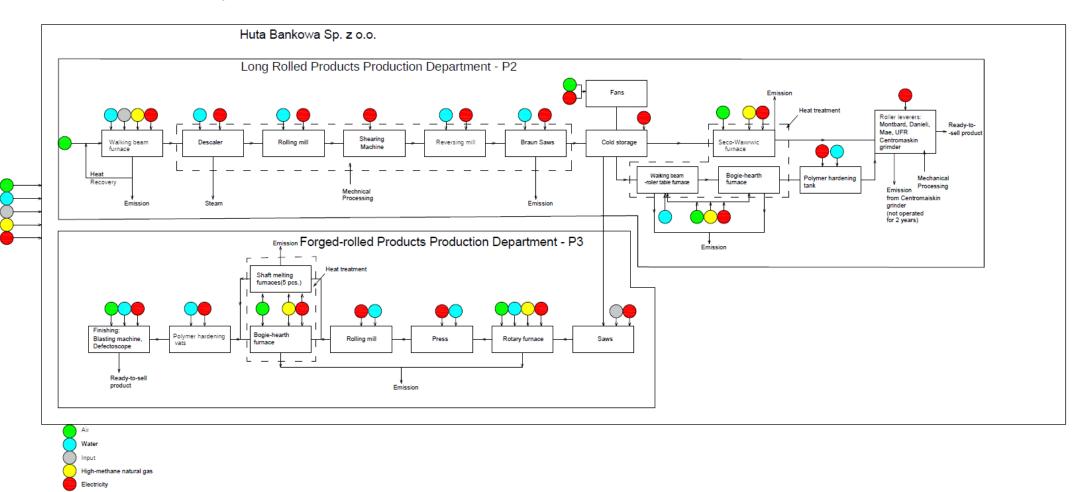


software. Emission factors for electricyty have beed supplemented with actual KOBIZE data. The characterisation factors are CML ver. 4.2 based on EN 15804+A2.



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Production scheme of steel products



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Life cycle assessment (LCA) - results

Declared unit



The declared unit is 1 tonne of steel products manufactured by Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o. The following indicates which LCA assessment modules were included in the assessment:

	Information on system boundaries (MA = module assessed, MNA = module not assessed))				
Pro	oduct sta	age		ruction age		Use stage End of life							Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries			
P Raw material supply	Z Transport	⊗ Manufacturing	A Transport to construction site	Construction and installation process	98 ⊃ B1	B2 Maintenance	Ra Repair	Replacement	Refurbishmentt	Operational energy use	2d Operational water use	Deconstruction / demolition	S Transport	S Waste processing	Pisposal C4	Potential for reuse, recovery or recyding
MA	MA	MA	MA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MA	MA	MA	MA	MA



Results for long products

Environmental impacts

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global warming potential- total	kg CO2 eq.	1.35E+03	9.26E+01	3.14E+02	8.47E+01	5.16E+02	9.10E+00	1.03E+01	1.98E+00	7.01E+02
Global warming potential- fossil	kg CO2 eq.	1.35E+03	9.24E+01	3.14E+02	8.54E+01	5.16E+02	9.09E+00	1.56E+01	1.98E+00	6.95E+02
Global warming potential- biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	1.38E+00	1.11E-01	3.93E-03	6.20E-02	1.68E-02	6.60E-03	-5.29E+00	4.94E-04	5.12E+00
Global warming potential- LULAC	kg CO2 eq.	6.05E-01	3.57E-02	1.62E-02	2.57E-02	6.75E-03	2.74E-03	1.77E-02	8.07E-04	1.07E+00
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC 11 eq.	5.99E-05	2.13E-05	1.98E-05	2.01E-05	3.40E-05	2.14E-06	8.87E-07	4.52E-07	3.85E-05
Acidification potential	mol H+ eq.	5.67E+00	4.29E-01	8.38E-01	3.59E-01	2.53E-01	3.82E-02	9.33E-02	2.00E-02	3.13E+00
Eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg Pe	6.09E-02	1.06E-03	9.73E-03	6.95E-04	2.57E-04	7.39E-05	7.54E-04	8.66E-06	5.01E-02
Eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N eq.	1.13E+00	1.32E-01	9.71E-02	1.08E-01	3.20E-02	1.15E-02	2.69E-02	8.67E-03	9.86E-01
Eutrophication terrestrial	kg N eq.	1.31E+01	1.46E+00	1.08E+00	1.19E+00	3.51E-01	1.27E-01	2.27E-01	9.50E-02	6.39E+00
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	kg NMVOC eq.	5.99E+00	4.56E-01	3.68E-01	3.84E-01	1.42E-01	4.08E-02	6.11E-02	2.62E-02	2.43E+00
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	kg Sb eq.	2.03E-02	1.49E-03	1.82E-04	1.46E-03	2.55E-05	1.55E-04	6.72E-04	1.56E-06	1.98E-03
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.36E+04	1.45E+03	3.40E+03	1.33E+03	2.02E+03	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.87E+03
Water use	m³	3.75E+02	6.26E+00	2.30E+01	4.94E+00	5.24E+01	5.26E-01	4.51E+00	9.15E-02	5.39E+02

Environmental aspects related to resource use

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renewable primary energy as an energy carrier	MJ	1.38E+03	2.74E+01	9.92E+01	1.67E+01	5.98E+00	1.78E+00	2.59E+01	2.02E-01	6.13E+02
Renewable primary energy for material use	MJ	0.00E+00								
Completely renewable primary energy	WJ	1.38E+03	2.74E+01	9.92E+01	1.67E+01	5.98E+00	1.78E+00	2.59E+01	2.02E-01	6.13E+02
Non-renewable primary energy as an energy source	MJ	1.36E+04	1.43E+03	8.64E+02	1.33E+03	2.75E+02	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.87E+03
Non-renewable primary energy for material use	WJ	0.00E+00	2.54E+01	2.54E+03	0.00E+00	1.74E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Completely non-renewable primary energy	MJ	1.36E+04	1.45E+03	3.40E+03	1.33E+03	2.02E+03	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.87E+03
Use of secondary raw materials	kg	1.28E+02	1.34E-03	3.39E-01	0.00E+00	9.21E-02	0.00E+00	2.85E-01	1.12E-02	4.63E+02
Renewable secondary fuels	WJ	1.57E-01	2.42E-05	3.10E-03	0.00E+00	1.61E-03	0.00E+00	2.34E-02	5.99E-05	5.65E-02
Non-renewable secondary fuels	WJ	0.00E+00								
Use of fresh water resources	m^3	8.29E+00	3.16E-01	6.01E+00	2.77E-01	5.51E-02	2.94E-02	1.22E-01	6.29E-03	-6.69E+00

Other environmental information describing the waste categories

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	Α4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste destined for landfill	kg	5.90E+02	1.83E+00	4.04E+00	1.29E+00	5.78E-01	1.37E-01	0.00E+00	3.86E-02	2.13E+02
Non-hazardous waste destined for disposal	kg	2.53E+03	1.57E+02	4.38E+02	1.43E+02	1.03E+01	1.52E+01	0.00E+00	6.34E-01	1.21E+03
Radioactive waste for disposal	kg	2.59E-02	9.88E-03	1.00E-03	9.12E-03	1.45E-02	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	2.01E-04	2.31E-02
Components to be reused	kg	0.00E+00								
Materials to be recycled	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.70E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials destined for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
Electricity exported	MJ	0.00E+00								



Results for forged-rolled products

Environmental impacts

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Global warming potential- total	kg CO2 eq.	1.49E+03	1.02E+02	7.28E+02	8.63E+01	5.16E+02	9.10E+00	1.03E+01	1.98E+00	6.48E+02
Global warming potential- fossil	kg CO2 eq.	1.49E+03	1.02E+02	7.28E+02	8.71E+01	5.16E+02	9.09E+00	1.56E+01	1.98E+00	6.42E+02
Global warming potential- biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	1.52E+00	1.22E-01	9.74E-02	6.32E-02	1.68E-02	6.60E-03	-5.29E+00	4.94E-04	4.73E+00
Global warming potential- LULAC	kg CO2 eq.	6.69E-01	3.95E-02	3.43E-02	2.62E-02	6.75E-03	2.74E-03	1.77E-02	8.07E-04	9.90E-01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC 11 eq.	6.63E-05	2.35E-05	5.35E-05	2.05E-05	3.40E-05	2.14E-06	8.87E-07	4.52E-07	3.56E-05
Acidification potential	mol H+ eq.	6.27E+00	4.74E-01	2.03E+00	3.66E-01	2.53E-01	3.82E-02	9.33E-02	2.00E-02	2.89E+00
Eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg Pe	6.74E-02	1.17E-03	2.41E-02	7.08E-04	2.57E-04	7.39E-05	7.54E-04	8.66E-06	4.62E-02
Eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N eq.	1.25E+00	1.46E-01	2.32E-01	1.10E-01	3.20E-02	1.15E-02	2.69E-02	8.67E-03	9.10E-01
Eutrophication terrestrial	kg N eq.	1.45E+01	1.61E+00	2.56E+00	1.22E+00	3.51E-01	1.27E-01	2.27E-01	9.50E-02	5.90E+00
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	kg NMVOC eq.	6.62E+00	5.04E-01	9.05E-01	3.91E-01	1.42E-01	4.08E-02	6.11E-02	2.62E-02	2.25E+00
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	kg Sb eq.	2.24E-02	1.65E-03	3.44E-04	1.49E-03	2.55E-05	1.55E-04	6.72E-04	1.56E-06	1.83E-03
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.50E+04	1.61E+03	8.96E+03	1.35E+03	2.02E+03	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.27E+03
Water use	m³	4.15E+02	6.92E+00	3.44E+01	5.04E+00	5.24E+01	5.26E-01	4.51E+00	9.15E-02	4.98E+02

Environmental aspects related to resource use

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renewable primary energy as an energy carrier	WJ	1.53E+03	3.03E+01	2.43E+02	1.70E+01	5.98E+00	1.78E+00	2.59E+01	2.02E-01	5.66E+02
Renewable primary energy for material use	MJ	0.00E+00								
Completely renewable primary energy	MJ	1.53E+03	3.03E+01	2.43E+02	1.70E+01	5.98E+00	1.78E+00	2.59E+01	2.02E-01	5.66E+02
Non-renewable primary energy as an energy source	MJ	1.50E+04	1.58E+03	2.02E+03	1.35E+03	2.75E+02	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.27E+03
Non-renewable primary energy for material use	WJ	0.00E+00	2.54E+01	6.94E+03	0.00E+00	1.74E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Completely non-renewable primary energy	MJ	1.50E+04	1.61E+03	8.96E+03	1.35E+03	2.02E+03	1.41E+02	1.53E+02	2.89E+01	7.27E+03
Use of secondary raw materials	kg	1.41E+02	1.34E-03	6.65E-01	0.00E+00	9.21E-02	0.00E+00	2.85E-01	1.12E-02	4.27E+02
Renewable secondary fuels	MJ	1.74E-01	2.42E-05	4.20E-03	0.00E+00	1.61E-03	0.00E+00	2.34E-02	5.99E-05	5.22E-02
Non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00								
Use of fresh water resources	m³	9.17E+00	3.49E-01	6.30E+00	2.82E-01	5.51E-02	2.94E-02	1.22E-01	6.29E-03	-6.17E+00

Other environmental information describing the waste categories

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A4	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Hazardous waste destined for landfill	kg	6.53E+02	2.02E+00	8.56E+00	1.32E+00	5.78E-01	1.37E-01	0.00E+00	3.86E-02	1.97E+02
Non-hazardous waste destined for disposal	kg	2.80E+03	1.74E+02	1.08E+03	1.46E+02	1.03E+01	1.52E+01	0.00E+00	6.34E-01	1.12E+03
Radioactive waste for disposal	kg	2.87E-02	1.09E-02	2.14E-03	9.30E-03	1.45E-02	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	2.01E-04	2.13E-02
Components to be reused	kg	0.00E+00								
Materials to be recycled	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.70E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials destined for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00								
Electricity exported	MJ	0.00E+00								



Verification

The verification process for this EPD is in accordance with ISO 14025 and ISO 21930. Once verified, this EPD is valid for a period of 5 years. There is no need to recalculate after 5 years if the inputs have not changed significantly.

EN 15804 serves as the basis for ITB PCR-A Independent verification according to ISO 14025 (subsection 8.1.3.)

[] internal [X] external

External verification of EPDs: Michał Piasecki, Professor ITB, m.piasecki@itb.pl Input data verification, LCI audit, LCA: Zuzanna Gondek, JWA, z.gondek@jw-a.pl

LCA verification: Michał Piasecki, ITB professor, m.piasecki@itb.pl

Note 1: The declaration owner has the sole ownership. liability. and responsibility for the information provided and contained in EPD. Declarations of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804+A2. For further information about comparability. see EN 15804+A2 and ISO 14025.

Note 2: ITB is a public Research Organization and Notified Body (EC Reg. no 1488) to the European Commission and to other Member States of the European Union designated for the tasks concerning the assessment of building products' performance. ITB acts as the independent. third-party verification organization (ISO 17025/17065/17029). ITB-EPD program is recognized and registered member of The European Platform - Association of EPD program operators and ITB-EPD declarations are registered and stored in the international ECO-PORTAL.

Normative references

General:

- ITB PCR A General Product Category Rules for Construction Products
- ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations -Principles and procedures
- ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services
- ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines
- EN 15804 +A2 Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core
 rules for the product category of construction products

Long products:

- EN 10273:2016 Hot-rolled bars of weldable steels with specified properties at elevated temperatures for pressure equipment
- EN ISO 683-1:2018 Steels for heat treatment, alloy steels and auto steels -- Part 1: Non-alloy steels for quenching and tempering



- EN ISO 683-2:2018 Steels for heat treatment, alloyed steels and auto steels -- Part 2: Alloyed steels for quenching and tempering
- EN ISO 683-3:2022 Steels for heat treatment, alloyed steels and automatic steels -- Part 3: Steels for carburising
- EN ISO 683-5:2021 Steels for heat treatment, alloyed and automatic steels -- Part 5: Steels for nitriding
- EN 10025-1:2004 Hot-rolled products of structural steels -- Part 1: General technical delivery conditions
- EN 10025-2:2019 Hot-rolled products of structural steels -- Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels
- EN 10025-3:2019 Hot-rolled products of structural steels -- Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for normalized/standardized weldable fine grain structural steels
- EN 10084:2008 Steels for carburizing -- Technical delivery conditions
- EN 10083-2:2006 Steels for quenching and tempering -- Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy steels
- EN 10083-3:2006 Steels for quenching and tempering -- Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for alloyed steels
- EN 10083-1:2006 Steels for quenching and tempering -- Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
- EN 10085:2001 Steels for nitriding -- Technical delivery conditions
- EN 10250-3:1999 Forged general purpose steel forgings Part 3: Special alloy steels
- EN 10250-2:1999 Free-forged steel forgings for general use -- Part 2: Non-alloy quality and special steels
- ASTM A105/A105M-21 Standard conditions for carbon steel forgings for piping
- ASTM A350/A350M-18 Standard specification for carbon and low alloy carbon steel forgings
- DIN 17100 General construction steels
- DIN 17243 Steel for hot-rolled forgings. Technical delivery conditions.
- DIN 17212 Steels for flame and induction hardening; Quality regulations.
- DIN 17200 Steels for quenching and tempering. Technical delivery conditions.
- PN-H-84019:1993 Non-alloy steels for surface hardening and quenching and tempering -- Grades
- PN-H-84020:1988 Non-alloy structural steel for general purposes -- Grades
- PN-H-84027-04:1988 Steel for railways -- Coupling device forgings -- Grades
- PN-H-84030-04:1989 Structural alloy steel -- Steels for quenching and tempering -- Grades
- PN-H-84027-06:1984/Az1:1999 Steel for railway operations -- Rims for railway vehicle wheels --Grades
- BS 970-1:1983 Wrought steel for mechanical applications

Forged-rolled products:

- UIC 810-1 Technical delivery requirements for rolled steel raw rims for running and trailing stock
- PN-ISO 1005-1 Railway products -- Part 1: Rolled raw rims for power and trailing stock -- Technical delivery conditions
- DSTU GOST 398:2016 Carbon steel wheels for broad-gauge railway and metro rolling stock



- DSTU 3678-98 Unmachined carbon steel rims for tramway sets. Technical conditions
- GOST 5257-98 Rough rims for tramway sets
- PN-H-84027-06:84/Az1:99 Steel for railways -- Rims for wheels of railway vehicles -- Grades
- PN-H-84019:1993 Non-alloy steel for surface hardening and quenching -- Grades
- ASTM A105/A105M-01 Standard conditions for carbon steel forgings for piping
- ASTM A551/A55108(Reapp18) Standard specification for steel rims for railway applications
- EN 10025-2 Hot-rolled products of structural steels -- Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels
- EN 10025:1990/A1:1993 Hot-rolled products of non-alloy structural steels Technical delivery conditions
- EN 10083-2:2006 Steels for quenching and tempering -- Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy steels
- EN 10083-3:2006 Steels for quenching and tempering -- Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for alloy steels
- EN 10028-2 Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes -- Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steels with specified elevated temperature properties
- EN 10222-4 Steel forgings for pressure purposes -- Part 4: Weldable fine grain steels with high yield strength
- ISO 683-1 Steels for heat treatment, alloyed steels and automatic steels -- Part 1: Non-alloy steels for guenching and tempering
- ISO 683-2 Steels for heat treatment, alloyed and automatic steels -- Part 2: Alloyed steels for quenching and tempering
- DIN 17100 General construction steels
- BS 5892-4:1992- Rolling stock materials. Material for railway wheels



Thermal Physics, Acoustics and Environment Department
02-656 Warsaw. Ksawerów 21

CERTIFICATE № 609/2024 of TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATION

Products:

Steel products long and forged-rolled

Manufacturer:

Huta Bankowa Sp. z o.o.

ul. Sobieskiego 24, 41-300 Dąbrowa Górnicza, Poland

confirms the correctness of the data included in the development of Type III Environmental Declaration and accordance with the requirements of the standard

EN 15804+A2

Sustainability of construction works.

Environmental product declarations.

Core rules for the product category of construction products.

This certificate, issued on 5th March 2024 is valid for 5 years or until amendment of mentioned Environmental Declaration

Head of the Thermal Physic, Acoustics and Environment Department

Agnieszka Winkler-Skalna, PhD

TECHNIKI BUDOWLAND OWLAND OWLA

Deputy Director for Research and Innovation

Krzysztof Kuczyński, PhD